Viraj Parmar, 2021, 9:2 ISSN (Online): 2348-4098 ISSN (Print): 2395-4752

Vehicle Anti-Theft Face Recognition System Using Raspberry Pi

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Abstract- This is an advanced system that can be utilized in many cars. Today, it is not difficult to make duplicates of vehicle keys and using such keys increases the risk of robbery. For such problems, we hereby propose an efficient and reliable solution. Our system uses a face recognition system to identify the authorized users of the vehicles and only authorized users are allowed to use the vehicle. This allows for a fast easy to use the authentication system. The system uses a Raspberry Pi circuit, it also consists of a camera. When we turn on the system authority provided by 3 options that are registration, start, and clear data, while registering, it first scans the owner's face. After successful registration, the owner can start the vehicle. If an unauthorized user tries to use the car, the system scans the person's face and checks whether face matches with the authorized face, if it does not match the system denies. In this way, the system helps to secure such intelligent vehicles.

Keywords:- Text Here Your Keywords.

I. INTRODUCTION

This new modern era development of new technologies is a must be it in the management sector or in the technical sector improvements are necessary for every field regarding the project chosen in the field of vehicle security.

Various techniques have been improved such as biometrics, retinal scanning, image processing. Apart from all the improvised techniques the theft of vehicle still remains high in order to maintain the car security the system needs to be efficient, robust and highly reliable.

So in this paper, the security system involving face detection using Raspberry Pi, FRS algorithm along with database which consist of images uploaded by the owner of vehicle. If the newly scanned image does not match with the image uploaded earlier to the database the system will stop immediately. All the process here is controlled by programmed Raspberry Pi.

It is a software application that is used for facial recognition that automatically identifies or verifies a person using facial features available in the database. The facial recognition algorithm works by comparing new facial features from the image taken and facial images that are already uploaded in the database.

The face recognition is the most popular area of research techniques in image processing and computer vision, and one of the widely used successful applications of image detection. The face recognition algorithm is programmed in such a way, such that it identifies the faces by retrieving facial data from the digital image of a person. For example, the algorithm may detect or verify the relative position, the shape of eyes, cheekbones, nose, ears, and size. These features are then compared with the available data.

The earlier system used simple geometric models, but in this era, the face recognition process has evolved into sophisticated representations and identifying processes. FRS is in high demand in the commercial market and has received great attention

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in the research field of biometrics and computer vision. FRS uses still images for recognition.

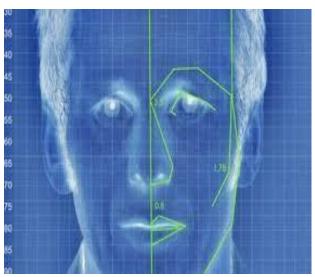


Fig 1. bioenabletech.com.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

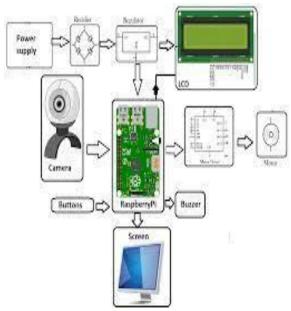


Fig 2. nevonprojects.com.

In the proposed system central processing unit here is the Raspberry Pi system it controls the GSM module, camera, and operations related to the database.

When an unauthorized image is detected by the programmed algorithm, the controller takes the information in the hold and stops the working of a motor which then informs the authorized user by sending messages through the GSM module.

IV. GSM MODULE

The GSM module demonstrates the use of AT commands. They can feature all the functionalities of a mobile phone through the computer like making and receiving calls, SMS, MMS, etc. These are mainly employed for computer-based SMS and MMS services.

V. RASPBERRY PI

The Raspberry Pi is a credit card-sized minicomputer that can be used for many small computing tasks and IoT (Internet of Things). It is based on ARM architecture and uses fan less CPU and has all the ports which you'll need for a computer to be connected to such as an ethernet cable, HDMI, audio jack, USB, etc.

The basic use of Raspberry Pi is for educational purpose, it is being used by hardware enthusiasts, teachers, hobbyists, students, professors, etc and also by high school students for their projects related to computer science. Raspberry Pi 3 uses or it can be used to upgrade a Linux based Debian operating system or Fedora-based ARM operating system or there is a Ubuntu-based Linux ARM based operating system too. Everything here is used for educational purposes.



Fig 3. amazon.com.

VI. EXISTING SYSTEM

In the existing system of car securities, various sensors are used door sensors, engine sensors, light sensors, etc. Where the door sensors are used for locking and unlocking the car doors through suitable key, when any duplicate key is inserted it sends some

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signals to the controller, however when key is made suitable as the original one the sensor might not be able to differentiate the changes in the system hence resulting in the car theft.

The other method to limit this theft is a surveillance pad that is used to monitor the car which consists of RF receiver, processing unit alarm, anddisplay, but the drawback here is this surveillance pad should be carried by the user everywhere. The engine and door sensors here are not that reliable.

In the existing system, the car uses an alarm system where the car makes a sound as soon as a person enters it but once it's lost there is no assurance that we can get it back, the alarm sometimes gets unnoticed which is the major drawback of the alarm system.

VII. SCOPE OF WORK

As the technology is Evolving. so, many new methods for attacker are there, for that we need to utilize some different technology to implement counter methods to safe guard our vehicles privacy from the attackers.

Whenever the attackers try to misbehave with the system for that we are upcoming with the new method of protecting of vehicle from attacker i.e., the fingerprint system.

As we have saved the data of face in our database likewise the fingerprint would also be saved in our database. This new feature will give our vehicle a new security system for the user.

VIII. METHODOLOGY

Today, it is not difficult to make duplicates of vehicle keys and using such keys increases the risk of robbery.

1. Solution:

- The system uses a face recognition system to identify the authorized users of the vehicles.
- The authorized users are allowed to use the vehicle.
- When we turn on the system authority provided by 3 options that are registration, start, and clear data.

• While registering, it first scans the owner's face. After successful registration, the owner can start the vehicle.

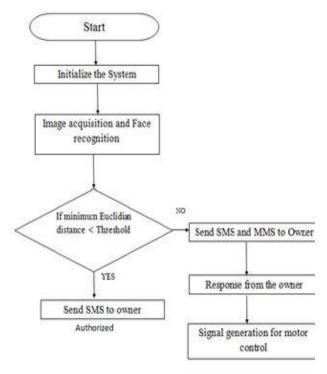


Fig 4. Flowchart.

2. System Design:

- Raspberry Pi 3
- IR Sensors
- Camera
- Cables and Connectors
- DC Fan
- GSM

3. Software Requirements:

- Python
- OS: Linux

As explained our system consists of Raspberry pi as the central processing unit that receives the data using a camera. This hidden camera captures the facial data and sends it to the processing unit for comparison. We maintain a database that contains the facial data as given by the user and cannot be manipulated by any other unauthorized user.

Our system also has a GSM module that helps the CPU to generate SMS to the owner of the car when unauthorized access is noticed. Then CPU generates command that switches off the motor. This restricts unauthorized users to take access to the vehicle. The algorithm is programmed in Raspberry pi which

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helps us to compare camera captured images with database information, it also generates commands to operate other devices/components or other add-ons as defined by the programmer.

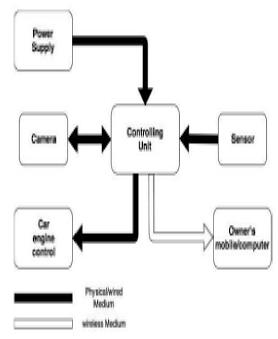


Fig 5. Block Diagram.

IX. CONCLUSION

By using this particular system we can increase and maintain the safety of the vehicle by providing special programmed functions to it. If any unauthorized usertries to use or steel the car the central controller will stop its working immediately and appropriate SMS will be sent to the authorized user through a GSM module.

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